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During this period no quarantinable disease was reported in Cuba.

For the last 10 days in September the various mosquito brigades petrolized 18,744 possible breeding places, inspected 19,563 houses, removed 33,000 cans to a place of safety, and cleared 23,650 linear meters of ditching. There were 43 deposits of larvæ uncovered, of which 15 were collections of *Stegomyia*.

Report from Matanzas—Inspection of vessels—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, October 12:

Week ended October 9. Bills of health granted to 6 vessels leaving this port for the United States in good sanitary condition. They carried in all 146 members of crews, and 2 passengers in transit.

The health of the city continues good; no quarantinable diseases reported.

Report from Santiago—Inspection of vessels—House and water-deposit inspection.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, October 6:

Week ended October 2. Bills of health issued to 10 vessels bound for the United States. No vessel disinfected. No case of quarantinable disease reported.

The sanitary department reports 2,821 houses inspected during the week and larvæ found in 7 water deposits.

ECUADOR.

Report from Guayaquil—Status of plague, smallpox, and yellow fever—Reappearance of plague at Babahoyo and Duran.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Lloyd reports, September 21:

During the period from August 15 to 31 there were 27 new cases of plague and 10 new cases of yellow fever in Guayaquil, with 5 deaths from the former and 4 from the latter disease. There were 139 deaths from all causes, as against 110 for the same period of last year.

During the first 15 days of September (1909) there were 47 new cases of plague, with 14 deaths, and 12 new cases of yellow fever with 4 deaths; 46 cases of plague and 5 of yellow fever remain under treatment. There were no deaths from smallpox, and the cases isolated have been discharged with no further developments. During this period there were 144 deaths from all causes, as against 98 for the same period last year.

Plague has reappeared in Babahoyo and Duran.

HAWAII.

Report from Honolulu—Dates of last cases of human and rat plague—Examination of rats for plague infection.

Chief Quarantine Officer Hobdy reports, September 27:

HONOLULU.

Last case rat plague (Aiea), 9 miles from Honolulu, August 22, 1907.

Last case human plague, Honolulu, July 17, 1907.

Last case rat plague (Olaa), 9 miles from Hilo, September 24, 1909.

Last case human plague (Papaikou), 5 miles from Hilo, September 19, 1909.